THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1798. [Vol. VI.—No. 801.

By VENDUE

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1798.

A few Casks of 10d. **NAILS**

For Sale by

WM. HARTSHORNE & SONS.

May 22.

☞ Cash given for ALEXANDRIA BANK STOCK.

J. B. NICKOLLS.

May 26.

MR. BATES,

(Late of the Philadelphia Theatre,)

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria, and its vicinity, that he purposes offering an Evening's Entertainment at the Ball Room, at the City Tavern, some night in the course of next week.—Particulars of which will be expressed in future bills.

May 26.

LONDON AND HARE'S PHILADELPHIA BOTTLED

PORTER AND ALE,

of a superior quality, also,

Claret, and Holland Bitters,

for sale by the gross or smaller quantity, at the subscriber's store in Prince street, near Harper's wharf, next door to Dr. Douglass, at the lowest prices.

ANDREW BAUM.

May 26.

AN EVENING SCHOOL will be opened at Wilbar's Academy, for reading and writting, for two classes of *Africans*, consisting of about 20 each class, and from 10 to 14 years old, and free from expence. Time of tuition for the first class, Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays, from five to seven o'clock, and for the second do, Thursday and Friday, the same time—those who bring a good character will have a preference.

H. WILBAR,

May 26.

THE Commissioners appointed by the county court of Fairfax, for the purpose of letting and superintending the erection of the necessary Public Buildings, for the use of Fairfax County, severally give notice, that they wish to form a contract for the erection of the said buildings. Plans and descriptions of the buildings are left at the office of Capt. George Deneale, Clerk of said county, and explanations given by Capt. Clotworthy Stevenson, Architect.

Proposals, sealed, may be left with the clerk, and the commissioners will attend on the 16th day of June, at 12 o'clock, at Earp's Store, the place fixed on for the Court House, to let the erection of the buildings.

CHARLES LITTLE,
D. STUART,
W. PAYNE,
J. WREN,
G. MINOR.

N. B. Bond, with approved security will be required by the commissioners, of the undertaker of the building.

May 26.

THE High Court of Chancery having appointed certain persons, or any one or more of them that will act, receivers of the effects and credits of the Copartnery of John Sutton and John Mandeville, authorising them to demand, sue for, and recover such effects and credits.—The subscriber, one of the persons appointed by the said court, gives notice to all whom it may concern, that he has taken upon himself to act under that order, and that the payment of any debt due and owing to that co-partnery however contracted, or the delivery of any effects belonging thereto, unless made or delivered to him, or some person authorised by him will not be valid.

WM. HARTSHORNE.

5th mo. 19.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

GIBSON'S SURVEYING,
TUTOR'S ASSISTANT,
SCOTT'S LESSONS,

And other School Books, may be had at PRICE'S Book Store.

May 22. 3t

James Patten & James Dykes

HAVE RECEIVED

500 Spanish Hides,

of the first quality.

TO LET,

A large two story Brick House, situate on Royal street, between King and Prince streets, (one of the most central situations in town) with a good paved yard, an excellent dry cellar, garden, and every other convenience suitable for a private family—or is an eligible stand for a store keeper.—Possession may be had immediately. Enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

J. SAUL.

May 22.

JOHN STAVELY,

PASTRY COOK & CONFECTIONER,

CORNER OF PRINCE AND ROYAL STREETS,

AT the house formerly occupied by Mr. Michael Steiber, and opposite Mr. Josiah Coryton's, watch maker, takes this method of informing the inhabitants of Alexandria, and its vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand, an assortment of

Cakes and Confectionary,

with which retailers and country store keepers may be supplied on the very lowest terms.

He also has at his shop, for the accommodation of families, Beef steaks, Mutton, Veal and Chicken Pies, and Tarts hot every day at 1 o'clock. Families may be supplied with shells for fruit by giving orders early in the morning. In addition to his own business, he has annexed that of a

FRUIT STORE,

has excellent fresh Lemons, Oranges, Nuts, Walnuts, Almonds, Raisins, Tamarinds, Anchovies, Olives, Capers, Cordials, &c. &c.

He has on hand, some London Pepper Cake.

ICE CREAM,

kept constantly. He has also ICE for sale, and to such as purchase FRUIT, small quantities will be sold cheap.

N. B. The best price given for good sweet CREAM.

May 19.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY

Josiah Faxen & Co.

a fresh supply of

Gentlemens' shoes & pumps,

of the newest taste and fashions—ladies kid and Morocco slippers of various colours—womens' fancy, fluff, and leather slippers, do. rand shoes and slippers—misses, Morocco and leather slippers,—boys' and children's shoes and pumps,—ladies sattin beaver hats,

Also for sale

26 bags of good green coffee
6 chests Souchong Tea
2 do. Bohea do.
20 cases of Holland Gin
4 barrels of Apple brandy
20 do. N. E. Rum
8 hogshead Jamaica do.
15 half barrels mess beef
10 quintals of good codfish
1 crate earthen ware well assorted
1 do. Glass
4 boxes chocolate
Rhode Island Lime
An assortment of pewter
Gunpowder in kegs and papers
Cheese
Good seed Potatoes
Humhums

Also, a strong one horse CHAISE, with a top and harness complete.

May 17.

To be Rented, or Sold,

And possession given immediately.

The house wherein the subscriber kept a store for several years, now occupied by Mr. Thomas Harrison, Jun. The above house stands in as good a situation for business as any in the town, and is well calculated for the accommodation of a family. Also a lot with a new house thereon, near the market house in this town. Terms may be known by applying to the subscriber, living at Laurel Hill, three miles from Dumfries, or to Mr. William Smith, residing in town, who will shew the property to any person who should wish to treat for it.

WM. BARNES.

Dumfries, May 22. 2m.

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of a deed of trust made to Joseph Mandeville, by John Mandeville, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1789, and recorded in the county court of Fairfax, will be exposed to public sale for cash on the premises, on the 28th inst. the following property, viz.

One tract or parcel of Land

in the neighbourhood of this town, containing 10¼ acres, purchased by John Mandeville of Baldwin Dade, situate, lying, and being on the east side of the George Town road, and adjoining the lands of the said Dade.

Also, three entire squares, and one fourth of a square of land likewise in the vicinity of this town being divisions of a certain tract denominated Spring Garden Farm, and containing the spot usually called the Spring Garden, purchased by the said John Mandeville of Jesse Simms, and lying to the eastward of Duke Street.

The aforesaid property is exposed to sale for the following purposes, viz —to satisfy and pay all debts due from the said John Mandeville to Mordecai Miller, S. T. Mason, James Laroe, Thompson & Veitch, Hodgson, Nicholson & Co. John Skyrin, Ann Chichester, Isaac M'Pherson, John Demir, Wm. Thompson and William Hodgson.

By order of the Trustee,

JOSEPH MANDEVILLE.

May 19.

CAUTION.

AN Advertisement having appeared in the Alexandria papers stating that certain Lots and parcels of Land are to be Sold on the 28th day of this month and signed Joseph Mandeville. The subscriber cautions the public and every individual from purchasing or intermeddling with the same or part thereof, he having given notice of applying to the Court of Chancery to set aside the said Deed as fraudulent and the said estate and all other estates real and personal, held by John Mandeville are now under the direction of the Court of Chancery, and subject to its decree, consequently neither John Mandeville, nor any other person can convey a good title to the same without the order of the court. This intended sale being only a trick to dispose of the land before the trust shall be declared void and to take in the unwary.

JOHN SUTTON.

Alex. 28 of 5th month, 1798.

For Sale,

ON A LIBERAL CREDIT, FOR APPROVED NEGOTIABLE PAPER,

A three story brick house

on Fairfax street, adjoining Messrs. Ricketts and Newton's, occupied by Messrs. Carne and Slade. Also five acres of Land in the commons in a good situation, near Spring Garden, enclosed with a post and rail fence. For particulars apply to the subscribers.

RICHARD VEITCH,
WILLIAM I. HALL,
JAMES WILSON,
Trustees for W. I. Washington & Co.

April 24.

Loudoun County, sc.

FRANCIS PEYTON, gentleman, returned a certificate that James Sinclair, near Little River, had taken up and brought before him on the 28th day of March, 1798, an estray Mare described as follows: "a dark brown, about eight years old, and about 14¼ hands high, shod all round, paces and trots, branded on the near shoulder with something resembling a small horse shoe, a small white spot near the root of the tail and a white saddle spot on each side of the back—appraised to twelve pounds.

Copy, Teste,

CHARLES BINNS, Clerk.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having entered into copartnership with WM. P. MATTHEWS, of Baltimore, the DRUG business in future will be continued under the firm of

Thomas Dempsey & Co.

N. B. All persons having claims against the firm of DEMPSEY, HARRIS, & Co. will please to render their accounts—and those indebted are requested to make speedy payment to

THOMAS DEMPSEY,

who is duly authorised to settle up the business of the said firm.

May 1.

Ricketts & Newton,

Have received and for sale,

Salmon,	in barrels	Harness,	Leather.
Mackrel,		Skirting,	
Herrings		Bridle,	
Shad,		Carriage,	
Beef, &		and	
Pork,		Soal	

Calf Skins and Boot Legs, a large assortment of Shoes, and a few bales of Blankets.

May 22.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber is impowered to settle all the concerns of the Partnership of ROBERT PATTON and CHARLES R. SCOTT, which expired on the first of January last; also those of FORD, PATTON, & CO.—Therefore requests all persons indebted to either concern, to make payment by the first of May next; as after that time, the necessary steps will be taken for the recovery of the same, without respect to persons:—All those having demands are desired to render their accounts for settlement to

ROBERT PATTON.

Who has on hand a neat Assortment of

GOODS

Suitable for the approaching season, which he will sell by the trunk or package, on a liberal credit.—Any person inclined to purchase the whole stock, will find his terms particularly advantageous, as he would prefer disposing of them in that manner.

HE HAS ALSO FOR SALE, ON A LIBERAL CREDIT,

A valuable Mill and Tract of Land

The Mill is situated on Broad Run, in Prince-William County, below the Manufacturing Mill of Mr. John Love. The Mill-house is two stories high, has two pair of stones in it, and good bolting cloths for country work. It could at a very small expence be converted into a Manufacturing Mill, as the house is calculated for that purpose, and the situation a very favourable one. Adjoining the Mill is a tract of near 500 acres of tolerable good land, which he would dispose of either with or without the Mill.

April 5.

City Tavern and Hotel

ROYAL STREET.

THE subscriber returns his unfeigned thanks to all Gentlemen who have heretofore honored him with their countenance and support; and, while he solicits a continuance of their favours, takes the liberty of informing them and the Public in general, that THE CITY TAVERN is supplied with every article requisite for the comfort and convenience of those who honor him with their custom. And, as it is his wish that every attention should be paid to TRAVELLERS, it shall be his peculiar study to merit their favours, by preserving order and propriety. For the more effectually carrying this intention into execution, no species of gambling whatever will be allowed. He trust that no gentleman will endeavor to break through this rule, as it is his positive resolve strictly to adhere to it.

JOHN GADSBY.

March 19.

Now Landing,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

A quantity of 4-4 and 8-4 New England PLANK, and 40,000 half inch SHINGLES, suitable for the West India markets, which will be sold low for cash, by

THOMAS PRESTON.

May 22.

JOSHUA RIDDLE,

AT HIS STORE ON PRINCE STREET,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

450 bushels Seed Potatoes,

of a very superior quality.

500 bbls. well cur'd herrings

best mould candles in small boxes, soap in do. whiskey in barrels, beef in do, rice in tierces and barrels, indigo, loaf and brown sugars, mustard, Leiper's snuff, Queens ware in crates, Glass and Stone do.—A good assortment of

SHOES,

Consisting of mens' fine and coarse, womens' Morocco, fancy, fluff, and leather, boys' fine and coarse, misses' Morocco and black leather, childrens' Morocco and leather.

An assortment of

Fresh Teas.

April 28.

I WILL SELL

From 100 to 150 hhds. Tobacco,

principally collected, and laying in town.

Wm. HODGSON.

May 12.

I will rent the house which I now occupy for the remaining time which I am entitled to hold it. Its situation is pleasant, and the [illegible]

GEORGE TAYLOR.

The Columbian Mirror
AND
ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR.

MR. GIRD,

HAVING observed a piece in your paper of the 2nd inst. respecting the late TRIAL of Mrs. Gretter, published at the request of several respectable subscribers, I wish, (in order to obviate the injury that Mr. Russell may sustain from a misrepresentation of facts) to correct it, and to give a true statement of the business. It is mentioned that Mrs. Gretter was charged with "having swindled away some Goods from the Store of Mr. James Russell;" also, that "an unusual detention of a piece of Goods belonging to Mr. Russell, gave rise to the prosecution."—It is a pity the author of the piece alluded to, when he descended to particulars, did not also think it equally necessary to ascend to truth. In the first instance she was charged with taking certain goods from said Store with a felonious intent:—There was no "unusual detention" of them, for Mr. Russell immediately on missing his goods (which was in a few minutes after she left the Store) pursued Mrs. Gretter, and found them in her house; they were four pieces of tambour'd Muslin Handkerchiefs, or Turbans, containing 22 in number, value 43 dollars, and not "a piece of Goods" as stated. When Mr. Russell entered her house, she concealed those Goods on her bed, by covering them with a piece of linen; this was all she had time to do, being so closely pursued. It was not the wish of Mr. Russell, to have prosecuted her, he having got his Goods, and being unwilling to distress her family: but the conduct of her friends made it absolutely necessary for him to come forward in behalf of the Commonwealth. To these *Friends* Mrs. Gretter is indebted, in a great measure, for her prosecution. Mr. Russell has since her acquittal at the District Court, declared to me, that it was a pleasing thing for him to see her discharged, on account of her rising family of promising children, who are supported by her industry, and also, that he hoped the whole business might be suffered to die, and be forever buried in oblivion.

A SUBSCRIBER.

May 28, 1798.

FRENCH SCHEME ON CANADA.

The Redacteur, a Paris paper, of the 10th February, contains the following very curious article addressed to the emigrants, advising them to the Quixotic scheme of attempting the conquest of Canada. We give the Redacteur's own words.

[After having reminded them, that death will be their lot if they dare to put a foot in the interior of the republic, and that indigence and contempt await them every where abroad, the Redacteur exclaims:]

"Emigrants! hear the voices which call you to the banks of the river St. Lawrence. Canada claims her deliverance, be ye her redeemers. She was named New France, because the French made the first settlement there. Conducted by Samuel Chamolain, the French in 1601 founded Quebec. Go, retake that country, and restore to it the handsome name of New-France. Every body knows, that at Boston the English united themselves in 1753, to form the project of invading Canada, and from thence proceeded towards the ports of Royal Island, which is the key of Canada. Well then! let America also become your rallying point, and the spot of your outlet. There, distributed among chiefs who are able to guide you, and who have previously concerted the means of attack, go and deprive Great-Britain of her prey. Thus take revenge of the homicidal government who so basely sacrificed you at Quiberon. May the blood of young Sombreuil rise against England, and recoil upon her! In placing his foot on France, Sombreuil knew well that the law had pronounced his condemnation. O heavens! to have seen the English themselves become the authors of his destruction, to have seen them shamefully fly on board their vessels, to have seen them turn their own artillery on the shore where he and his companions had debarked; to have seen them indiscriminately spread havoc and death among the ranks of the emigrants, as well as those of the republicans—this is the infamous perfidy, which from the bottom of his tomb calls on you to expiate.

If so just a cause cannot animate you, interest at least ought to make you sensible. Instead of wandering from court to court, begging for support, which as often is eluded as it is promised, instead of going at a great distance to a people, to whom your mere presence is a subject of umbrage, whose affronts you must brook, and whose discontent you provoke; instead of running headlong into the arms of death, which is suspended over your heads, if ever you transgress the limits, which the fundamental code has forever fixed between France and you.

"Precipitate on that soil, where the most fertile lands are open to cultivation—where rich mines furnish iron equally convenient for labor and military valor, where vast forests may become the dockyards of a respectable navy, where the beaver (castor) will afford to you its rich spoil and lessons of industry, where every object will recall to your memory the glory and labors of your ancestors, where the numerous swarms of unfortunate Frenchmen, whom the British yoke has only rendered so much more attached to their mother country, will alleviate your pains, salute you in your own language, and behold in you the revengers of their oppression. Go form there an honorable system, and establish settlements, which shall restore you to your former respectability: and perhaps those to whom the law represents you in another light than as rebels, perhaps those may be forced by you to esteem your courage, to wish for your good success, to second you in so generous a project. Emigrants think hereof, you can neither return to France, nor remain in foreign countries. Canada is a country as large as Europe; it is New-France, which England stole from us. Punish England, and be deserving of having a country".

CHARLESTON FEDERALISM.

The following is the Address of the People of Charleston, S. C. agreed upon at the town-meeting, on the 6th inst.

To JONATHAN DAYTON, Speaker,
And the other Members of the House of Representatives of the United States.

THE ADDRESS AND MEMORIAL
OF THE
CITIZENS OF CHARLASTON, S. C.

SHEWETH RESPECTFULLY—

That your memorialists learnt, with the most sincere satisfaction, the appointment by the executive government of the United States, of a solemn embassy duly empowered, and wisely instructed, to endeavor to remove all differences with the French republic, and to maintain the relations of amity and peace between the two countries.

That your memorialists have understood with the deepest regret, that the spirit of conciliation and peace, manifested by the government of the United States, have been met by a spirit of hostility in the councils of the French republic, and that the ministers of peace have not been even admitted to the privilege of an audience—scarcely ever denied amongst civilized nations.

That the most unreasonable demands have been made upon this country, by persons pretending and appearing to act under the authority of the French government; but which, it is sincerely hoped, not with the sentiments of the people of France; without even the pretence of injury or wrong having been committed—demands, which, if submitted to, would prostrate the United States at the feet of France, and convert her from a free and independent nation, into a tributary and degraded province.

Your memorialists are astonished to find, that these demands have been perseveringly urged upon a presumption that the Americans were a divided people, and would never unite in support of their own government, in opposition to those demands—and that upon this fallacious idea, our commerce has been harassed, without redress: and our independence is threatened.

Deeply affected at this state of the public affairs your memorialists feel themselves irresistably impelled to make a full, solemn, and explicit declaration of their sincere attachment to the constitution and government of the United States: and of their fixed resolution to maintain and support them against all foreign encroachments and domination, at the hazard of their lives and fortunes. Your memorialists are but too well acquainted with the miseries and calamities of war; and they would willingly have averted them, by the sacrifice of secondary interests; but they do not hesitate to declare their preference of every calamity to a servile subjection to a foreign yoke.

Your memorialists repose confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of the constituted authorities, and trust, that the most prompt, vigorous and efficacious steps will be taken "to provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty, to ourselves and our posterity," and they submit to the discretion of the government, the measures essential to the attainment and security of these great objects.

JOHN EDWARDS, Chairman

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

[*Translations for the Boston Centinel.*]

BOURDEAUX, MARCH 22.

Intelligence from Madrid announces great change in the Spanish government. A revolution was on the tapis, at the head of which was the king himself. Great reforms were in agitation, the revival of the Cortes and the appointment to ministry of men without prejudice. The count of Cabarras is to be minister of finance—and the Prince of Peace to exchange his high post, and the unbounded power he has so long enjoyed, for the embassy to France.

MARCH 25.

A private letter from Paris informs, that the three American envoys still remain in that city, without having been received by the executive directory. Several propositions have been made them on the part of the minister of foreign affairs. It appears that they had exacted from them *many sacrifices.* They have written on this subject to the government of their country, and are waiting for definitive answers. *The Directory appear determined to take vigorous measures, if these propositions are rejected.* From present appearances, every thing will be decided within two months.

[*This paragraph confirms the official letter from Mr. Consul Bourne, to the Editor, as far as it relates to an interview with Talleyrand, the minister of foreign affairs; but contradicts the paragraph which mentions, that Mr. Gerry had informed Mr. B. that the negociation assumed a favorable aspect. That paragraph was not official.*]

COPENHAGEN, (*Den.*) MARCH 1.

After it was known that the legislature of the French republic, had decreed on the seizure of English merchandize found on board of all vessels belonging to neutral nations, the Danish government equipped two sail of the line, to carry to a certain latitude, such of our merchantmen as were bound to the East Indies.

PARIS, MARCH 11.

There has been a tumult at Rome, in which a number of the French lost their lives; it was, however, soon quelled, and a number of the ring-leaders arrested and punished. A proclamation upon this occasion was published to the people, in the following terms:

"Rumors were yesterday circulated, that discontents prevailed in the French army. The factious, fanatics, murderers and robbers, came to a resolution to take advantage of the moment; they began their treasonable practices by murdering French soldiers found alone, or in small parties in different quarters of the city; they then collected in the quarter beyond the Tiber, and paraded with a fanatic at their head, carrying the image of the Holy Virgin, to the church of St. Peter, shouting, "Live Maria," where, instead of a religious ceremonial they cut to pieces the whole of the guard and forcibly took possession of the bridge of Sixtus, and the neighboring avenues. If their plan had succeeded, a general plunder would have commenced in the Jew's street, and afterwards extended throughout the city.—But the villains knew not the spirit which inspires French soldiers; they knew not that the first sound of the drum hastens them to their posts, especially when the welfare of a people whose happiness only they have in view depended upon it. I was advised of the tumult in time. Large numbers had collected beyond the river. I placed myself at the head of the troops, and without losing time marched against them. We were received with the fire of musquetry, but the republican bayonets soon bore them down. The gate near which the unfortunate Duphot was murdered, together with the bridge of Sixtus, were taken by storm, and peace is restored.

"Inhabitants of Rome, fear nothing—the French wish you happiness; the proceedings of last night are a dear proof of it.

"VIAL, commandant."

It was said the disturbances among the soldiery arose from the arrival of Messena, Berthier being preferred as a leader.

MARCH 18.

In the sitting of the council of ancients, on the 27th Ventose, a treaty of alliance between France and her Italian conquests, denominated the *Cisalpine republic*, was read and agreed to The leading articles follow: France stipulates for the establishment of 25,000 French troops in the country. The Cisalpines to be partakers of every war in which France shall engage. The French government to withdraw and replace its troops at its pleasure—and they as well as all the forces of the Cisalpine, to be under the command of French generals. The strong holds to be garrisoned by at least one half French troops.

MARCH 20.

We are assured that the "ARMY OF ENGLAND," keeps continually encamped in huts, and that they are daily exercised in detachments, embarking and debarking, in order to make them accustomed to the sea, and to give greater precision to their manœuvres.

MARCH 28.

According to news received from the French army in Switzerland, the last actions have been very severe and cost many lives. The Bernians fought with infinite bravery. Several thousands remained on the bloody field: their infantry is very good, but their cavalry is good for nothing, and their artillery was not served. Besides in these battles there were very few troops of the line.—They were in general only farmers armed with axes and scythes, who defended the country. In some places the women fought like lions, and shewed the most heroic courage.

NEW-YORK, MAY 22.

PENNSYLVANIA BANK BILLS.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Extract of a letter from Mr. John Runk, merchant, at Cobuskill, Schoharie county, to the printers of the Albany Gazette, dated May 11, 1798.

"Last evening, as some of the children were returning from school, and crossing the Cobuskill bridge, they saw a small bundle under the bridge, which they picked up, and on opening, found it contained 35 counterfeit bank notes of the bank of Pennsylvania, and the same as the one enclosed with the copperplate, which I also send you. On closely examining you will find the president and cashier's names signed. You will please to make it public through the medium of your Gazette, that our citizens may be on their guard against the imposition intended to be practised upon them. These bills are well executed, on thin wove paper, but have no water mark. The president and cashier's names are dimly engraved on the plate, apparently to assist in imitating the signing of the true bills."

MAY 23.

Extract of a letter from Hartford, in Connecticut.

"I send you a list of the persons nomination by the freemen at the late election, for the next congress, viz. Chauncey Goodrich, Nathaniel Smith, Samuel W. Dana, John Allen, Wm. Edmond, Roger Griswold, Stephen J. Hosmer, Jonathan Brace, Justina Coit, John Davenport, jun. Eleazor Goodrich, Timothy Pitkin, jun. John Tredwell, Elias Perkins, John C. Smith, Benjamin Talmage, Simeon Baldwin, and Caleb Goddard. These gentlemen are all firmly attached to the government and the administration. The persons suspected of democracy were rejected by great majorities. Could our sister states shew the unanimity and firmness which prevail here, France would have but little occasion to boast of our disunion."

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 23.

CONGRESS.

In the house of representatives of the United States, the 22d inst. Mr. Sitgreaves moved the following resolutions, which he proposed to be referred to the committee appointed on that part of the President's speech which relates to the protection of commerce and the defence of the country, to be reported upon by bill or otherwise; but which, on the request of Mr. M'Dowell and Mr. Venable, were ordered to lie upon the table till to-morrow.

Resolved, That the commanders of the private armed vessels of the United States, be authorised, by law, to take or destroy any cruisers of the French republic, which shall attack them on the high seas, for the purpose of search or seizure.

Resolved, That the commanders of the public armed vessels of the United States be authorized and directed to take or destroy any cruizer of the French republic

which may be found attacking, on the high seas, any public or private veſſel of the United States, for the purpoſe of ſearch or ſeizure.

Reſolved, That the commanders of the public and private armed veſſels of the United States be authorized to retake any veſſel of the United States which may have been captured by the cruizers of the French republic, and to take or deſtroy any cruiſer which may have made ſuch capture.

Reſolved, That the public armed veſſels of the United States be authoriſed and directed to take or deſtroy all armed cruiſers of the French republic which may be found on the coaſt of the United States within of the ſhore.

The houſe went into a committee of the whole on the bill reſpecting alien enemies, and after agreeing to ſome amendments, and undergoing ſome diſcuſſions it was agreed to, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow. This bill provides, that whenever there ſhall be a declared war between the United States and any foreign nation, or an invaſion or any pedatory incurſion, ſhall be perpetual, attempted or threatened, againſt this country, all unnaturalized aliens of ſuch country here; ſhall be liable to be apprehended, reſtrained, ſecured, and removed as alien enemies, and their goods and effects ſubject to a juſt retaliation of any unuſual ſeverities and confiſcations which ſhall be ſuffered by the citizens of the United States in the country with which we are ſo at war, &c. And any perſon ſo obſtructing the execution of this act or who ſhall harbor or conceal any alien liable as an enemy, knowing him to be ſuch, after the proclamation of the preſident, ſhall be guilty of a miſdemeanor, and liable to a forfeiture not exceeding one thouſand dollars, and be impriſoned not exceeding ſeven years.

Extract of a Letter to the Editor, dated Charleſton, May 9.

"It is with great pleaſure I ſend you the unanimous reſolutions of my fellow-citizens, aſſembled at the New-Church, on the 5th inſt. (the ſame hallowed place whence iſſued thoſe fulminating decrees againſt the Britiſh treaty, over which I wiſh to draw a veil). I can aſſure you, that more unanimity never was diſplayed than on the preſent occaſion, ſince '76, Our zeal for the French cauſe has been great: but now,—begone, ye tyrants! we are free, and you ſhall not diſturb our independence. Thus ſayeth all Carolina.

By this veſſel goes our addreſs and memorial to our worthy preſident—as alſo to each branch of the legiſlature.

The conſul-general of France (Dupont) alſo embarks for your place to ſupereede Mr. L'Etomb.

Our voluntary ſubſcriptions now amount to 15,000 dollars—the return from the country not known—but muſt be large. We have had two French privateers off our bar and coaſt. They have taken one ſhip from this, and two from Savannah."

In addition to the intelligence contained in the letter of our correſpondent, it appears, that thoſe privateers (of which there are *three*) have made a deſcent on Edisto Iſland, and carried off the ſheep and poultry, ſpreading great terror and alarm through the country. One of the parties conſiſted of ſixteen men, all armed, who paid ſix dollars for the ſheep and poultry which they ſeized.—Theſe were very particular in their enquiries reſpecting the number of white and black inhabitants, and whether the planters were rich, &c.

SPIRIT OF PATRIOTISM.

Extract of a letter from Reading, dated May 19.

"On Thurſday laſt we had the largeſt meeting ever known of the inhabitants of this county, for the purpoſe of addreſſing the preſident. It is ſuppoſed that at leaſt two thouſand of them were aſſembled, and the addreſs was unanimouſly agreed to.

"A great number of the young men of the county met at the ſame time, marched into the court-houſe with drums beating, colours flying, and the black cockade mounted in their hats, and there with equal unanimity agreed upon their addreſs to the preſident.

"Both will appear in the public prints."

MAY 24.

The United States ſloop of war, Ganges, capt. Dale, of 20 guns, and 150 men, ſailed this morning on a cruize.

A reſpectable merchant of this city, has received a letter from Mr. Fenwick, American conſul at Bordeaux, dated the 21ſt March which ſtates, that the American envoys had not been received, and that it was generally thought they would not.—Mr. Fenwick was alſo of this opinion.

Extract of a letter from Leogane, 26th ult.

"You perhaps have not yet heard the news of the capitulation of Port-au-Prince with the French, which poſitively is the caſe, but on what terms I have not yet heard."

The verbal information publiſhed in our Gazette of yeſterday, of late depredations by French and Britiſh cruizers, on the commerce of Hamburg, was founded upon the following:

"I encloſe a price current, by which you may judge of the prices of colonial articles: Our ſupplies being but ſcanty and our wants very great, they cannot fail to be increaſing during the courſe of this year, and more ſo becauſe the navigation is now interrupted, both by the French and the Engliſh, ſo that there is nothing to be afraid of reſpecting their falling.

CONGRESS.

Yeſterday, in the houſe of repreſentatives of the United States, on the queſtion of "*ſhall this bill paſs?*" being put upon the bill reſpecting alien enemies, Mr. R. Williams moved to recommit the bill, which motion, after ſome diſcuſſion, was carried 46 to 44.—Mr. Sitgreaves then called up the reſolutions which he yeſterday laid upon the table, reſpecting inſtructions to be given to the commanders of public and private armed veſſels, when Mr. Macon moved, that inſtead of referring the reſolutions to the committee for the protection of commerce and the defence of the country (which was propoſed by the mover) they ſhall be referred to the committee of the whole on the ſtate of the union. This motion was ſucceeded by a motion made by Mr. Davis, to poſtpone the further conſideration of theſe reſolutions until the ſecond Tueſday in June. This motion produced a debate, which took up the remainder of the ſitting, and the houſe adjourned without taking the queſtion.

In the courſe of the ſitting, the ſenate ſent down a bill which they have paſſed, for concurrence, for the more effectual protection of the commerce and the coaſts of the United States, which received its firſt reading.

A motion was made in congreſs this day to poſtpone the conſideration of inſtructions to armed veſſels of the United States to the 2d June—and loſt by a great majority. The reference of Mr. Sitgreaves' reſolutions, as alſo the bill ſent from the ſenate on this ſubject, was carried by a great majority.

This day at 11 o'clock, the ſecretary of war, accompanied by captain Barry, commander of the frigate United States, and captain Dale, commander of the ſhip of war the Ganges, went on board the latter ſhip, and delivered his orders to capt. Dale. On the ſecretary's leaving the ſhip, a ſalute was fired: immediately after which, ſhe weighed anchor, to proceed to her cruiſing ſtation.

RICHMOND, MAY 24.

At a meeting of the officers of the 48th regiment of militia, in the county of Botetourt, and ſtate of Virginia, in the town of Fincaſtle, together with a number of the inhabitants of the ſaid town and its vicinity, on the 12th day of May, 1798,

JAMES BRECKENRIDGE, in the chair.

1. *Reſolved unanimouſly*, as the opinion of this meeting, that the preſident of the United States not only poſſeſſes, but is entitled to the confidence of this part of the United States.

2. *Reſolved*, That it is with extreme regret, we ſee the attempts of ſome of our citizens, to detract from his real merit, and propagate the idea of a diſaffection to our excellent government and its adminiſtration.

3. *Reſolved*, That while we lament any cauſe which would tend to interrupt that tranquility, proſperity, and independence, which under divine providence, we are permitted at preſent to enjoy, we will with firmneſs repel any attempts to wreſt thoſe bleſſings from us, from whatſoever quarter they may proceed. And that although it is our wiſh to be at peace with the world, more particularly with the French republic, we will prefer hoſtilities even with that nation, to a proſtration of our rights, and that ſtate of national degradation to which they have lately attempted to reduce us.

4. *Reſolved*, That the chairman be requeſted to have the proceedings of this meeting publiſhed in the Virginia Gazette.

Alexandria, May 29.

The ſchooner Ann and Maria, Captain White, of this port, arrived at Baltimore from the Havanna on the 25th inſt. On May 11, in lat. 34, 30, long. 74, ſpoke the ſloop Harriſon, capt. Galloway, from Norfolk, bound to Martinique. The Harriſon ſprung a leak the day before capt W. fell in with her, and had nearly filled with water. Capt. W. took the capt. and crew of the ſloop and a few barrels of flour on board his veſſel, and carried them into Baltimore. Half an hour before capt. W. fell in with the wreck, ſhe was ſpoke by the ſhip Carliſle, capt. Callahan, of Charleſton, who refuſed to take them off the wreck, though they were in expectation of immediate deſtruction.

Arrived at Baltimore on the 26th inſt. the ſhip Becky, capt. Cunningham, from Cork, which place ſhe left the latter end of March. Captain C. five days ago, fell in with the fleet from Europe for America, which have arrived in the Chelepeake, all ſafe.

A paragraph under the Madrid head of February 22, ſays—"We expect here very ſoon events at which Spain and Europe will be aſtoniſhed."

The Thetis frigate, captain Cochran, captured and brought into New-Providence, on the firſt inſtant, a ſmall French privateer ſchooner of 8 guns, called the Reſource, commanded by the celebrated Auguſtus Love, for the apprehenſion of whom a reward was ſome time ſince offered by Victor Hugues.

The Thetis ſailed from New Providence on the 7th May, bound to Halifax, via Bermuda.

Captain Hooper has arrived at Charleſton, from Philadelphia, with 1000 ſtand of arms and their accoutrements, and a quantity of cartridges, for the uſe of the militia of the ſtate of South Carolina.

The Executive Directory have paſſed ſeveral long arrets, forbidding the people to aſſemble for the purpoſe of expreſſing their opinions in a collective capacity.

APPOINTMENTS—BY AUTHORITY.

BENJAMIN STODDERT, of Maryland, Secretary of the Navy—vice George Cabot, declined.

GEORGE WOODRUFF, Attorney of the United States for the Diſtrict of Georgia—vice Charles Jackſon, reſigned.

At a medical commencement, held at the univerſity of Pennſylvania on the 21ſt inſtant, the degree of doctor of medicine, was conferred upon the following gentlemen:

Thomas Triplet, of Alexandria.
John Claiborne, of Virginia.
William Cooke, of Georgia.
Henry Deſborough, of New-Jerſey.
Thomas Horſfield, of Pennſylvania.
John Hahn, of ditto.
James T. Hubbard, of Virginia.
Philip G. Preoleau, of South Carolina.
John Archer, jun. of Maryland.
James Stewart, of Virginia.
Iſaac Wemſton, of do.
William Webb, of ditto.

It is much to be feared that the liberties of Switzerland are ere this completely annihilated, by the hordes of REVOLUTIONIZERS, diſgorged upon them from the great ſtore houſe of robbers and aſſaſſins. It appears that the people of the country are at open hoſtility with thoſe of the towns; odious party diſtinctions are aſſumed; and inſtead of turning their arms againſt the common foe, they are remorſely engaged in deſtroying each other.

The following, as the ſubſtance of an article, about which the reader will be at a loſs what concluſion to draw, is copied from the Philadelphia Merchants daily Advertiſer.

"The Government has received diſpatches from Mr. Murray, our Ambaſſador at the Hague, dated March 12. We endeavoured to learn the contents of theſe diſpatches, but *could not* procure information on the ſubject, *from any authentic ſource.*

"The following is given in an evening ſpring of Saturday, *as the ſubſtance* of the intelligence contained in them. How far it is correct we cannot determine.

"The French Directory lately explained in preciſe terms to the court of Madrid, their plans with regard to the Spaniſh monarchy.

"Theſe were:

"That the Catholic King ſhould cede to French, Louiſiana and the Floridas,

"That his Majeſty ſhould conſent to the French Republic's taking poſſeſſion of Brazil:

"That the tract of country anciently known under the name of Cantabria, (including the provinces of Biſcay and Guipuſco, together with the whole extent of Pyrennes, from the Atlantic to the Mediterranean) ſhould be directed into a Republic.

"In return the Directory offered that France ſhould guarantee to his Catholic Majeſty, his poſſeſſions in the Weſt Indies, and unite to Spain the kingdom of Portugal, which the Republican armies, with the permiſſion and concurrence of the court of Madrid, would conquer in the courſe of this ſummer.

"A categorical and immediate anſwer to theſe propoſitions was demanded, with the menace, that, a refuſal or a delay would be conſidered as the ſignal of a rupture, and that the French troops would inſtantly enter Spain.

"Perſons well informed in Holland, expreſſed a decided opinion that the court of Madrid would reject thoſe terms. And the accounts received from Liſbon of the the diſgrace of the Favourite, leave little or no room to doubt that a negative anſwer has been given, and that Charles IV. does not mean to loſe his throne and his life without a ſtruggle."

A Correſpondent ſuggeſts the idea of a total interdiction of all trade with the French ports in the Weſt-Indies as the only effectual mode of bringing the adminiſtrations of thoſe Iſlands to a ſenſe of juſtice.

U. S. G.

JAMES KENNEDY,

CORNER OF PRINCE STREET,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints his friends and the public, that he has juſt received a freſh aſſortment of

TEAS,

of the firſt quality, and lateſt importation; freſh Lemons and other articles in the Grocery Line. He has for ſale a few elegant landſcape Tea Trays, and ſome excellent Books in the various branches of literature, in Engliſh, French, and Latin—a catalogue of which will be ready, in a few days.

May 29.

FIFTY BARRELS OF EXCELLENT

WHISKEY,

FOR SALE BY

JOSEPH RIDDLE & CO.

May 29.

BROKER'S OFFICE.

THE ſubſcriber reſpectfully informs the public, that he continues to buy and ſell Lands, Houſes and Lots, Bills of Exchange, Negotiable Notes, Bank Stock, and every other kind of Property. He will undertake freight for Veſſels, receive conſignments of veſſels and cargoes from any part of the United States or elſewhere; and will draw and copy plats of Land in the neateſt and moſt correct manner, and tranſlate French into Engliſh. All buſineſs with which he may be intruſted, will be executed with the utmoſt fidelity, ſecrecy, & diſpatch.

HENRY MOORE,

Broker, &c. oppoſite the Bank.

N. B. All letters by poſt, or otherwiſe, will be duly attended to,

H. MOORE.

May 29.

Notice.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of THOMAS TAYLOR, ſen. late of Loudoun County, deceaſed, by bond, note, or book account, are requeſted to call on the ſubſcribers, and diſcharge their debts in Leeſburg, who will attend at the enſuing court (June) for the purpoſe of receiving them. Thoſe who do not, may expect no further indulgence to be given.

THOMAS TAYLOR, } Execu-
BENJ. H. CANBY, } tors.

Leeſburg, May 26.

The higheſt price will be given for

ALEXANDRIA BANK SHARES,

by

HENRY MOORE,

Broker, &c. oppoſite the Bank.

May 29.

☞ Two Apprentices are wanted at the Office of the Columbian Obſerver.

Public Notice.

Pursuant to a Deed of truſt made to the ſubſcriber by John Mandeville, bearing date the twenty ſecond day of December, 1797, recorded in the county court of Fairfax, will be ſold at Public Auction, on the premiſes, on the ninth day of June next, viz.

Four acres of Land in the vicinity of Alexandria, with a valuable Merchant Mill, with two water wheels, and three pair of ſtones, and other improvements thereon, with the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging. Alſo, an undivided moiety or half part of a certain piece or parcel of ground, containing ten acres on Great Hunting Creek, in the ſame neighbourhood, with certain rights and privileges in and to the waters of ſaid creek, the whole ſubject to John Stump and John Thomas Ricketts, to a certain annuity, that they agreed to pay to Charles Alexander, provided he ſhould hereafter eſtabliſh a title, which he then ſuppoſed he had to the premiſes. Will be ſold at the ſame time a Mill Seat on the main branch of Cameron Run, between the Mills of Martſhorne and Allaſon, about five miles from Alexandria, the fall of water conſiderable, little ſhort of 30 feet, and land ſufficient for the improvements. Two thouſand two hundred and ſixty dollars of the purchaſe money will be required to be paid down, and the remainder to be paid by inſtalments in three, ſix, and nine months, the purchaſers or purchaſer giving notes with approved indorſers negociable at the Bank of Alexandria. Therefore the aforeſaid property is expoſed to ſale to indemnify and reimburſe to Iſaac M'Pherſon, the ſum of two thouſand two hundred and ſixty dollars, which he has paid, and is liable to pay on his indorſement of the ſaid John Mandeville's notes, diſcounted in the Bank of Alexandria.

WILLIAM HERBERT.

Alex. May 3.

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives notice, that at his new Sugar Houſe in the City of Waſhington, on the Eaſtern Branch of the river Potomac; he will in a few days have ready for delivery, a large quantity of

Loaf and Lump Sugars,

which he will ſell wholeſale at the Baltimore prices, for caſh, indorſed notes, or flour delivered at his refinery, which is advantageouſly ſituated for that purpoſe.

He has likewiſe ready for ſale,

Brown Muſcovado Sugar and Molaſſes,

which he will diſpoſe of on the above terms, and he begs leave to inform the public that from this period he intends manufacturing a ſufficient quantity of refined Sugar for the ſupply of the ſurrounding country, which he flatters himſelf from his long and extenſive experience, having poſſeſſed one of the firſt and largeſt refineries in London for a great number of years, will prove equal in quality to any made on the continent.

All orders from any part of the United States will be punctually executed, and indorſed paper, payable or negociable at either of the Banks of George Town, Alexandria, or Baltimore, be received in payment.

Three ſtout, active Apprentices, of reſpectable connections are wanted, who will be regularly inſtructed in every branch of the manufacture.

The printers of the papers at Alexandria, Richmond, Norfolk, Winchester, and Frederick town, are requeſted to inſert this notice for two months, and tranſmit their accounts for payment to

JAMES PIERCY.

City of Waſhington, April 3.

THE ſubſcriber offers for ſale a TRACT OF LAND, containing about one hundred acres, ſeven miles from Alexandria, on the road to the Little Falls, about four miles from the river ſide oppoſite to the City of Waſhington, and two and an half miles from George-Town.

Alſo, a lot in town, forty feet front on Pitt ſtreet, and near the corner of King ſtreet.

He wiſhes to rent for a term not exceeding five years, his houſe on the corner of King and Pitt ſtreets, with a two ſtory brick warehouſe adjoining. The houſe will accommodate a large family, and alſo make a good ſtore and warehouſe for both wholeſale and retail buſineſs. The ſtand for buſineſs is as good as any in Alexandria. But as it is to be ſuppoſed that the purchaſer or renter will view the premiſes, there needs no comment.——For terms apply to

JESSE TAYLOR,

Who has ſeveral Lots on and near his wharf to rent.

April 12. tf

The Federal Tavern in Leeſburg.

THE ſubſcriber offers grateful thanks to the public or their patronage and ſupport, ſince his commencement in this line of buſineſs, and while he ſolicits a continuance of their favours, takes the liberty to inform his old cuſtomers, and the public in general, that the FEDERAL TAVERN is removed from the Stone Houſe to the White Houſe (formerly occupied as a tavern by my Father, Thomas Roper) near to the main croſs ſtreet.

The houſe and ſtables are put in complete order, with every neceſſary accommodation. No attention on my part, ſhall be wanting to render entire ſatisfaction to thoſe who ſhall indulge me with their calls.

CHRISTOPHER ROPER.

Leeſburg, May 19.

FOR SALE,

The following Tracts of Land, lying in Fauquier County, near the upper end of ſaid County.

THREE hundred and ſixty-five acres, of which there is about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and in tolerable order for farming; there is on the ſaid land a conſiderable quantity of meadow ground, of which there is but little cleared; alſo about one hundred bearing appletrees.

Adjoining the above mentioned land, a tract of four hundred acres, that is under a leaſe for three lives, at the annual rent of five dollars per 100 acres; the lives in the leaſe are all alive and young. On this land there is a very good framed dwelling houſe, and about 150 acres cleared. This tract will admit of three ſettlements, as there are three different pieces of it cleared. The ſoil is equal to any in the neighborhood, very fine for wheat and tobacco, and is convenient to two merchant mills.

Alſo, one other tract of leaſed land about ſeven miles diſtant from the formers but rather lies in Frederick County—On this land is a good barn, and about 100 acres cleared. The ſoil is very ſtrong, and will produce a third more than the land below the mountain; but it is rough, as it lies immediately on the Blue Ridge. The above lands may be had on reaſonable terms; half the purchaſe money will be expected in hand, and a credit of twelve months will be given for the balance, on the purchaſer's giving bond with approved ſecurity.

April 8. JOHN KEITH.

Waſhington, Commiſſioner's Office 7th May, 1798.

THE commiſſioners will receive propoſals until the 20th June next, for building in the city of Waſhington, one of the executive offices for the United States, of the following external dimenſions—148 feet in length, and 58 feet 6 inches in breadth—cellar wall 30 inches, firſt ſtory 23 inches, and ſecond ſtory 18 inches, partition walls averaging 15 inches; to contain on the ground floor 14 rooms, ſame number on the ſecond ſtory, and in the roof 8 room, with a paſſage. The whole external of the building to be of ſtock brick—the inſide walls of hard burnt bricks, cellar of beſt foundation ſtone, to the height of the girders, the outſide wall as far as they ſhew above ground, to the plinth, to be of plain aſhlar freeſtone, ſoles of windows, ſills of doors, and ſtring courſe of free ſtone. The houſe to be covered with cypreſs ſhingles, the rooms in general to be 16 feet by 20, finiſhed in a plain neat manner, of the beſt materials. Six ſmall rooms to be groined.

A plan and elevation of ſaid building, and a bill of particulars, are lodged in the office, for the inſpection of thoſe who may wiſh to contract;—alſo a copy of the ſaid bill at the office of Clement Biddle, Eſq. at Philadelphia.

Propoſals ſealed up, will be received until the 20th June next, on which day, the boards will proceed to contract with ſuch perſon as ſhall appear, under all circumſtances to offer the beſt terms.

By order of the Commiſſioners,

THOMAS MUNROE, Clk.

TO RENT,

A TAN YARD, with curry ſhop, bark & mill houſe, and a number of vats, ſufficient for the working in upwards of 600 hides and ſkins—alſo a convenient dwelling houſe and ſhoemaker's ſhop, ſituate in Loudoun county, within ten miles of Leeſburg, on the turnpike road leading from Alexandria to Key's ferry, in a good neighbourhood for the ſale of leather and the procuring of tan bark.

Poſſeſſion may be had early in next ſummer and as part of the vats are unoccupied by the preſent tenant, liberty will be granted to the perſon renting the premiſes to go to work immediately. For terms enquire of John Klienhoon the place, or to the ſubſcriber living in Alexandria.

JONAH THOMPSON.

Thompſon Mill, Loudoun county, Jan 31. tf.

To be Rented,

For one or more years as may be agreed on,

That large and commodious Houſe,

on Fairfax ſtreet, at preſent occupied by Mr. John Gill, with a pump in an excellent well of water in the yard, and a ſmall vacant lott for a garden, This houſe is well calculated for the accommodation of a large family, has every neceſſary out houſe, ſuch as a good ſmoak houſe, ſtable and carriage houſe. It is intended to paint it, and put it in complete repair for the tenant. Poſſeſſion may be had the firſt day of June next. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber at Cheſnut hill, near Alexandria.

CATHARINE BROWN.

May 10.

William Falconer & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Public, that they have opened a RETAIL STORE, in King-ſtreet, where they intend keeping always an aſſortment of the various articles of DRY GOODS, that are moſt faſhionable, and, of the beſt quality; which they ſell on the loweſt terms poſſible. They will endeavour to merit the favour of cuſtomers, by an unremitting attention to pleaſe thoſe who deal with them.

Alexandria, 29th March 1798.

☞ **Two Apprentices are wanted at the Office of the Columbian Mirror.**

Jacob Hoffman,

FAIRFAX STREET.

Has juſt received a good and well ſelected aſſortment of

India and German Goods,

viz.

Gurrah, Baftas, Coreas, Coſſas, Mamodas	MUSLINS	Ticklenburg, Dowlas, Rolls, Ravens Duck, Ruſſia Sheeting, Brown Hempen, White do. Brown Platillas.
Calico, Nankeens, Bandanno-Handkerchiefs.	INDIA GOODS.	GERM. GOODS

ALSO,

An Elegant Aſſortment of

India and Engliſh Silks,

Iriſh Linens, Chinizes, and Calico; faſhionable Hats and Bonnets, Girdles, white and coloured Gloves, Muſlin and Chintz Shawls, a good aſſortment of Tambour'd, Jaconett, and Book Muſlin, both India and Engliſh; with a few caſes of Mens' coarſe Hats.

May 17. tf

FOR SALE,

ON A REASONABLE CREDIT,

A valuable Lot, on the cor- ner of Prince and Fairfax ſtreet, on which is now ſituated the houſe occupied by Mr. Boſwell; it is 40 feet front on Prince ſtreet, and upwards of 50 feet on Fairfax ſtreet.—Poſſeſſion may be had on the 7th of June next. For further particulars apply to

GEORGE M'MUNN.

WHO HAS ALSO TO RENT,

A Houſe and Lot,

on Prince ſtreet, between Fairfax and Wrate ſtreets

May 3.

John & James S. Scott,

TAYLORS & HABIT MAKERS,

RETURN their ſincere thanks to their friends and cuſtomers for the flattering encouragement received ſince their commencemen of buſineſs in this place, elegance and punctuality in their line will be obſerved, to merit their future patronage. They alſo beg leave to obſerve to thoſe that are in arrears, particularly thoſe whoſe accouts are of long ſtanding, that a ſettlement is now indiſpenſably neceſſary, as in future no perſon will conceive themſelves entitled to credit, except thoſe who are, or may hereafter become conſtant and punctual cuſtomers. All perſons having accounts againſt them are requeſted to ſend them in for ſettlement.

N. B. Travellers will find it to their advantage to call on them, as they will be anſwerable for all diſappointments.

May 12. tf

TO RENT,

THE Store now occupied by William Myers, at the corner of King and Royal ſtreets, and fronting William M'Knight's Tavern.—Poſſeſſion may be had the firſt of May. ——Apply to the ſubſcriber.

JOHN HARPER.

April 19.

TO LET,

The ſtore and dwelling- houſe lately occupied by JACKSON & DUNNINGTON on King ſtreet, next door to Mr. W. S. Thompſon.——Poſſeſſion may be had immediately—for terms apply to

May 8. THOMAS DEMPSEY

ANNA GRAY,

FROM BALTIMORE,

BEGS leave to renew her reſpects to the Ladies of Alexandria and its vicinity, and to inform them that ſhe has recommenced buſineſs in the

MILLINERY LINE,

in Prince ſtreet a few doors weſt of Fairfax ſtree where ſhe will be happy to receive their commands

By the firſt Spring veſſels to Baltimore, ſhe will be ſupplied with an aſſortment of every thing new and faſhionable, and has now on hand, a pleaſing variety of Bonnets, Hats Caps, &c. &c.

May 1.

NOMONY MILL,

WITH two pair of burr ſtones, a never failing head of water, and navigation within two hundred yards of the Mill, may be rented for 7, 14, or 21 years, if application is immediately made in perſon, or by letters poſtage paid, to John James Mound, at Nomony Hall, in Weſtmoreland county, May 1.

POTOMAC LAND

OF the firſt quality, containing 400 acres, 200 of which are cloath'd with heavy white oaks, a tolerabel dwelling houſe, convenient barn, and ſmall orchard, is offered for ſale.

Lots in the city of Waſhington will be received as a part of the payment, if the terms of ſale and price are agreed on within 60 days, with

W. S. THOMPSON.

Alex. May 1.

JUST RECEIVED

Fifty Boxes of Freſh Chocolate,

JOSHUA RIDDLE.

May 18.

NOTICE.

The militia officers of the town of Alexandria and its vicinity, belonging to the firſt battalion of Fairfax militia, conceiving that at this important period, it is requiſite, that the militia officers of the ſaid town, ſhould endeavour to put themſelves, and men, in ſome poſture of local defence, the better to guard againſt piratical depredation, have agreed to form an aſſociation, for the purpoſe of arming and training themſelves, and the men under their command, and for the accompliſhment of which object, they have mutually agreed to meet on the court houſe ſquare, on Saturday in every week, together with the ſergeants and corporals of their reſpective companies, to be exerciſed in ſuch manner as ſhall from time to time be agreed on by a majority preſent, that each perſon ſhall parade with a muſket, bayonet, and cartouch box, in proper order, and they do further agree, that any perſon inrolled in either of their reſpective companies, who is diſpoſed to manifeſt his real patriotiſm and willingneſs, to defend the rights of his country, that will furniſh himſelf with arms and accoutrements, and will conform to ſuch regulations as ſhall be agreed on for their diſcipline, ſhall be exerciſed and trained with the officers. All thoſe diſpoſed to encourage the above plan of military diſcipline are requeſted to attend the parade on Saturday evening the 2d day of June, at four o'clock, on the court houſe ſquare.

At a court, continued and held for Fairfax county the 24th day of March, 1798.

Joſeph Clark, compl. against John Wright and Joſeph Peck, def'ts. } In Chancery

THE defendant John Wright, not having entered his appearance, and given ſecurity, according to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the ſatisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country:—On the motion of the complainant by his counſel it is ordered, that the ſaid defendant do appear on the third Monday in June next, and anſwer the bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inſerted in the Alexandria Gazette for two months ſucceſſively, and poſted up at the front of the courthouſe of this county. And it is further decreed and ordered, that the ſaid defendant Joſeph Peck do not pay, convey away, or ſecrete any of the money or effects in his hands, belonging to the defendant John Wright, until the further order and decree of this court.

A Copy, Teſte,

P. WAGENER.

March 29. 2m

At a Court continued and held for Fairfax county, the 24th day of March, 1798.

Hugh Smith, compl. against John Wright and Joſep Peck, Def'ts. } In Chancery

THE defendant John Wright, not having entered his appearance, and giving ſecurity according to law, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the ſatisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this country—on the motion of the complainant by his counſel, it is ordered that the ſaid defendant do appear here on the third monday in June next, and anſwer the bill of the complainant; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inſerted in the Alexandria Gazette for two months, and poſted up at the front door of the court houſe of this county. And it is further decreed and ordered, that the defendant Joſeph Peck, do not pay, convey away, or ſecrete any of the money or effects in his hands belonging to the ſaid defendant John Wright, until the further order of this court.

A Copy, Teſte,

P. WAGENER.

March 29, 2m

FOR SALE,

ON THE MOST MODERATE TERMS, BY

Anthony Charles Cazenove

Prince Street, next door to Col. Hooe's,

Ruſſia Sheeting,

Ticklenburg,
26, 28, and 30 inch Umbrellas,
Swiſs Chintzes,
Silks,
Ribbons, aſſorted,
Men and womens' white and coloured ſilk ſtockings,
Thread and black ſilk laces,
Long and ſhort kid gloves,
Silk gloves,
Oſtrich Feathers,
Beads of all ſizes,
Muſlin ſhawls and handkerchiefs,
An elegant aſſortment of Watches, Jewellery, &c.
41 quarter caſks Sherry wine entitled to drawback,
Brandy Preſerves, and Ratafia Cordials,

ALSO

A Forte Piano

to be ſold very low.

May 3.

ALEXANDRIA:
Printed every Tueſday, Thurſday, and Saturday,
BY
HENRY GIRD, Jun: